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AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 24 JANUARY 2011.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 18:05:25 ON 21 MAR 2011

=> file registry
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ENTRY
TOTAL
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0.23
FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:05:44 ON 21 MAR 2011
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 20 MAR 2011 HIGHEST RN 1268954-09-1
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 20 MAR 2011 HIGHEST RN 1268954-09-1

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<http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html>

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 14, 2011.

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<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

=> e bisphenol A/cn
E1 1 BISPHENOL 2,2-BIS(4-B-D-GLUCOPYRANOSYLOXYPHENYL) PROPANE /CN

E2 1 BISPHENOL 22-46/CN
E3 1 --> BISPHENOL A/CN
E4 1 BISPHENOL A 1,2-NAPHTHOQUINONEDIAZIDE-4-SULFONATE/CN
E5 1 BISPHENOL A 1,2-NAPHTHOQUINONEDIAZIDE-4-SULFONIC ACID ESTER/CN
E6 1 BISPHENOL A 2,2-BIS(4-HYDROXY-3,5-DICHLOROPHENYL)PROPANE POLYCARBONATE/CN
E7 1 BISPHENOL A 2-ETHYL-4-METHYLMIDAZOLINE SALT (1:2)/CN
E8 1 BISPHENOL A 2-METHYLMIDAZOLINE SALT (1:1)/CN
E9 1 BISPHENOL A 2-METHYLMIDAZOLINE SALT (1:2)/CN
E10 1 BISPHENOL A 2-PHENYLMIDAZOLINE SALT (1:1)/CN
E11 1 BISPHENOL A 2-PHENYLMIDAZOLINE SALT (1:2)/CN
E12 1 BISPHENOL A 2-UNDECYLMIDAZOLINE SALT (1:1)/CN

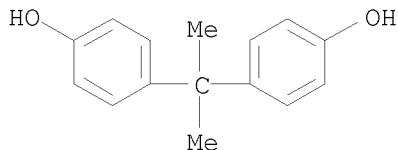
=> s e3

L1 1 "BISPHENOL A"/CN

=> d 11

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
RN 80-05-7 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis- (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN Phenol, 4,4'-isopropylidenedi- (8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
CN (4,4'-Dihydroxydiphenyl)dimethylmethane
CN β,β' -Bis(p-hydroxyphenyl)propane
CN 2,2'-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane
CN 2,2-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane
CN 2,2-Bis(p-hydroxyphenyl)propane
CN 2,2-Di(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane
CN 2,2-Di(4-phenylol)propane
CN 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol
CN 4,4'-(Propane-2,2-diyl)diphenol
CN 4,4'-Isopropylidenebis[phenol]
CN 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol
CN 4,4'-Methylethylidenebisphenol
CN B 0494
CN Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)dimethylmethane
CN Bis(p-hydroxyphenyl)propane
CN Bisphenol A
CN BPA
CN BPA 154
CN BPA 157
CN BPA-M
CN Dian
CN Diano
CN Diphenylolpropane
CN Hidorin F 285
CN Hidorin F 568
CN HT 3082
CN Ipognox 88
CN Isopropylidenebis(4-hydroxybenzene)
CN NSC 1767
CN NSC 17959
CN p,p'-Bisphenol A

CN p,p'-Dihydroxydiphenylpropane
CN p,p'-Isopropylidenebisphenol
CN p,p'-Isopropylidenediphenol
CN Parabis
CN Parabis A
CN Pluracol 245
CN Rikabanol
DR 137885-53-1, 146479-75-6, 27360-89-0, 28106-82-3, 37808-08-5
MF C15 H16 O2
CI COM
LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSNB, DETHERM*, EMBASE, ENCOMPLIT, ENCOMPLIT2, ENCOMPPAT, ENCOMPPAT2, GMELIN*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, PIRA, REAXYSFILE*, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, ULIDAT, USPAT2, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

18869 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
4705 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
18971 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> file caplus		SINCE FILE	TOTAL
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS		ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST		8.87	9.10

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:06:45 ON 21 MAR 2011
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Mar 2011 VOL 154 ISS 13

FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Mar 2011 (20110320/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Feb 2011
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Feb 2011

CAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the fourth quarter of 2010.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

<http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html>

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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=> s l1/prep
      18971 L1
      5188222 PREP/RL
L2      3309 L1/PREP
          (L1 (L) PREP/RL)

=> s l2 and (rectification (3a) column)
      21343 RECTIFICATION
      125 RECTIFICATIONS
      21414 RECTIFICATION
          (RECTIFICATION OR RECTIFICATIONS)
      503922 COLUMN
      127450 COLUMNS
      566789 COLUMN
          (COLUMN OR COLUMNS)
      2829 RECTIFICATION (3A) COLUMN
L3      0 L2 AND (RECTIFICATION (3A) COLUMN)

=> s l2 and rectification
      21343 RECTIFICATION
      125 RECTIFICATIONS
      21414 RECTIFICATION
          (RECTIFICATION OR RECTIFICATIONS)
L4      4 L2 AND RECTIFICATION

=> d 14 1-4 ibib abs

L4      ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:      2005:300380 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:      142:336787
TITLE:      Improved method for preparing bisphenol A
INVENTOR(S):      Hong, Dingyi; Zhou, Jidong; Qin, Jinlai; Li, Yuelei;
                  Yao, Zhenwei; Zhang, Hongjiang; Liu, Cuiyun; Fan,
                  Weihua
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):      China Petroleum & Chemical Corp., Peop. Rep. China
SOURCE:      PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.
CODEN:      PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:      Patent
LANGUAGE:      Chinese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:      1
PATENT INFORMATION:
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PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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WO 2005030687	A1	20050407	WO 2004-CN1097	20040924
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CN 1616387	A	20050518	CN 2004-10011752	20040924
CN 100494140	C	20090603		
EP 1669339	A1	20060614	EP 2004-762230	20040924
EP 1669339	B1	20100728		
R: DE, FR, GB				
JP 2007506686	T	20070322	JP 2006-527260	20040924
US 20080091051	A1	20080417	US 2007-573697	20070313
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2003-160098	A 20030928
			WO 2004-CN1097	W 20040924

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The method comprises feeding phenol and acetone to a reaction zone with condensation catalysts to give a stream containing bisphenol A; feeding this stream to a rectification zone to obtain a fraction mainly containing bisphenol A and phenol; and feeding this fraction to a crystallization zone

to obtain bisphenol A; characterized in that, in addition to the stream containing bisphenol A, a water-depleted fraction, which mainly contains phenol, bisphenol A and acetone, is obtained in the rectification zone and is recycled to the reaction zone after being cooled down.

Through the recirculating of the water-depleted fraction, the water content in the reaction zone can be reduced, the activity of catalysts can be maintained and the exotherm of the reaction can be controlled.

Accordingly, the conversion of acetone and the selectivity of the reaction will be improved.

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:41403 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:375820
TITLE: New sideline extraction process for catalytic rectification
INVENTOR(S): Qiu, Zhaorong; Wang, Cheli; Cheng, Minlian; Ye, Qing; Yang, Jihe
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): China Petrochemical Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China; Jiangsu Petrochemical College
SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 25 pp.
CODEN: CNXXEV
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Chinese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1478577	A	20040303	CN 2002-142233	20020827
CN 1247289	C	20060329		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CN 2002-142233 20020827

AB The sideline extraction method for drawing the product and/or byproduct out during catalytic rectification by mounting an extractor mounted on the middle of the reaction region of the catalytic rectification tower is presented. The systems used include a solid-liquid system, a liquid-liquid system or its layered alternative, or a liquid-gas system. The liquid in the solid-liquid system may be separated by gravity separation method or filtration and fed back to the reaction region. The liquid-liquid system may be separated by membrane filtration, rectification, extraction, adsorption, absorption, gas stripping, etc., and one kind of liquid in the liquid-liquid system may be fed back to the reaction region, while the layered liquid- liquid system may be separated by gravity separation. The extractor for the liquid-liquid system is an internal liquid separator and an external liquid separator. An internal cooling separator is mounted in the top of the catalytic rectification tower, and used to cool and sep. the gas phase in the rectification tower. The method may be used in esterification, transesterification, saponification, hydrolysis, alkylation, isomerization, amination, oxidation, etherification, etc. Tri-Bu citrate, isobutylene, and bisphenol A were prepared by using the sideline extraction process.

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:590561 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 89:190561
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 89:29445a,29448a
 TITLE: Determination of sulfur compounds in volatile rectification fractions in the production of p,p'-diane
 INVENTOR(S): Drahokoupilova, Milada; Novakova, Miluse
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Czech.
 SOURCE: Czech., 2 pp.
 CODEN: CZXXA9
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Czech
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CS 170755	B1	19760915	CS 1975-15	19750102

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CS 1975-15 A 19750102
 AB EtSH, Et isopropenyl sulfide, EtSSET, acetone diethylthioketal, and 4-methyl-4-ethylthio-2-pentanone were determined gas chromatog. in volatile rectification fractions of p,p'-dian production. A glass column packed with 15% Carbowax 20M on Celite C22 was used. The column was temperature programmed from 60° to 190°; N was the carrier gas; and a flame-ionization detector was used.

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1957:71701 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 51:71701

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 51:12977i,12978a-e

TITLE: 2-Butylamines

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Societe des laboratoires Labaz

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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GB 765881		19570116	GB	

AB 4,4-Diaryl-2-butylamines are prepared by condensation of an α,β -unsatd. Ph ketone with a phenol in the presence of an organic peroxide and a Friedel-Crafts catalyst and amination of the ketone formed. The condensation can be carried out by mixing, in a 2-l. flask provided with a reflux condenser, immersion thermometer, and agitator, 525 g. anisalacetone (I), 648 g. o-cresol (II), and 750 cc. PhMe heated to 80°, adding 17 g. Bz2O2 in small portions at 90° in 0.5 hr., raising the temperature to 100° adding 3.6 cc. H2SO4 dropwise at 100° in 0.5 hr., refluxing the mixture 7 hrs., pouring into 2 l. aqueous 10% Na2CO3, decanting the PhMe layer, washing hot with dilute HCl, and distilling at atmospheric pressure, then in vacuo; rectification gave 27 g. 4-MeO-C6H6[3,2-Me(HO)C6H3]CHCH2Ac, b10 200-24° m. 114° (from C6H6-cyclohexane), and 262 g. 4-MeOC6H4[3,4-Me-(HO)C6H3]CHCH2Ac (III), b10 224-34° m. 126° (from C6H6-cyclohexane, and C6H6). Similarly were prepared the following ArAr'CHCH2Ac (Ar and Ar' given): Ph, 3,4-Me(HO)C6H3 (7 g.), m. 132° (from C6H6-cyclohexane); 4-MeOC6H4, 4-HOC6H4 (25 g.), m. 128° (from C6H6-cyclohexane); 4-C1C6H4, 3,4-Me(HO)C6H3, m. 117°; 4,3-HO-(MeO)C6H3, 3,4-Me(HO)C6H3, b13, 270-80°; 3,4-(MeO)2-C6H3, 3,4-Me(HO)C6H3, m. 144°; 3,4-CH2O2C6H3, 3,4-Me(HO)C6H3, m. 147°. Amination was carried out by heating together 3 hrs. at 140° 100 g. III and 86 g. HCO2NH4 until the 2 layers became one, raising the temperature to 180° during 1 hr., maintaining it 5 hrs., and pouring the hot solution into cold H2O to give 15 g. crude product, which, hydrolyzed by refluxing 8 hrs. in 500 cc. concentrated HCl and 1 l. H2O, diluting with 3 l. H2O, filtering, and precipitating yielded

46.8 g. 4-MeOC6H4[3,4-Me(HO)C6H3]CHCH2CHMeNH2 (IV), m. 119°.

Similarly were prepared the following ArAr'CHCH2CHMeNH2 (Ar and Ar' given): 2-C1C6H4, 3,4-Me(HO)C6H3, m. 109°; 3,4-MeO(HO)C6H3, 3,4-Me(HO)C6H3, m. 135°; 3,4-CH2O2C6H3, 3,4-Me(HO)C6H3, m. 139°; Ph, 3,4-Me(HO)C6H3, m. 92°; and 4-MeOC6H4, 4-HOC6H4, m. 88°.

These butylamines are antiextrasystolic agents. IV can be demethylated by heating 86 g. in 2 l. concentrated HCl 5 hrs. at 130° and 5-10 kg./sq. cm., diluting the cooled solution with 5 l. H2O containing 1/1000 hydroquinone, filtering with C, and precipitating with 30% NaOH; fractional precipitation at pH 6.6-8.0

gave 24 g. 4-HOC6H4[3,4-Me(HO)C6H3]CHCH2CHMeNH2 (V), violet powder, m. 180° (decomposition), converted (dry) to its HCl salt by dry gaseous HCl. (4-HOC6H4)2CHCH2CHMeNH2 (VI), m. above 260° (decomposition), was similarly prepared V and VI are effective hypotensive agents.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 18:05:25 ON 21 MAR 2011)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:05:44 ON 21 MAR 2011
 E BISPHENOL A/CN

L1 1 S E3

FILE 'CPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:06:45 ON 21 MAR 2011
 L2 3309 S L1/PREP
 L3 0 S L2 AND (RECTIFICATION (3A) COLUMN)
 L4 4 S L2 AND RECTIFICATION

=> s l2 and (side (3a) draw)
 845747 SIDE
 150480 SIDES
 951871 SIDE
 (SIDE OR SIDES)
 33872 DRAW
 8693 DRAWS
 42023 DRAW
 (DRAW OR DRAWS)
 339 SIDE (3A) DRAW
 L5 2 L2 AND (SIDE (3A) DRAW)

=> d 15 1-2 ibib abs

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1303039 CPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:522726
 TITLE: Production of polyphenols by condensation of carbonyl
 compounds and phenols in the presence of
 2,2-bis(methylthio)propane-promoted acid catalysts
 INVENTOR(S): Fetsko, Stephen W.; Evitt, Steven D.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Badger Licensing LLC, USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2007130040	A1	20071115	WO 2006-US17360	20060504
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW	RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
EP 2021311	A1	20090211	EP 2006-752299	20060504
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA, HR, MK, YU				

JP 2009535401	T	20091001	JP 2009-509513	20060504
CN 101448772	A	20090603	CN 2006-80054476	20081104
IN 2008DN09922	A	20090522	IN 2008-DN9922	20081127
KR 2009009296	A	20090122	KR 2008-7029557	20081203
US 20090137848	A1	20090528	US 2008-299153	20081230
US 7820866	B2	20101026		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: WO 2006-US17360 W 20060504

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB A process system for manufacturing a polyphenol comprises a phenolic compound/mother liquor stream, a carbonyl compound stream, a condensation reactor comprising an acid catalyst and maintained under polyphenol manufacturing conditions, a condensation reactor effluent stream to a dehydration column, a dehydration column, a dehydration column overhead stream under vacuum created by a downstream first pump to a promoter absorber column, a dehydration column side draw stream, a dehydration column bottoms stream, a promoter absorber column, a vent stream from the promoter absorber column, a vapor recirculation stream from the promoter absorber column to the dehydration column overhead stream upstream of the first pump, a promoter absorber column bottoms stream, a first phenolic compound stream, a second phenolic compound stream to the liquid ring inlet port of the first pump and a condensation reactor feed stream comprising the phenolic compound/mother liquor stream, the carbonyl compound stream and the promoter absorber column bottoms stream to the condensation reactor comprising an acid catalyst. The polyphenol is produced by reacting a phenolic compound with a carbonyl compound in the presence of an acid exchange resin catalyst, and 2,2-bis(methylthio)propane catalyst promoter which is added into the process system at specific locations. Preferably, the process is used for production of bisphenol A.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:301790 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:331942

TITLE: Purifying p,p'-bisphenol A

INVENTOR(S): Kumar, Ramachandran; Ravi, Gomatam Raghavan; Bastian, Hyacinth Mary; Sathyanarayana, Gururaj; Shafer, Sheldon Jay; Ramamurthy, Kumar Krishna; Murukutla, Dwijaraja Mouli; Ramanarayanan, G.V.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): General Electric Company, USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 7 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20060069292	A1	20060330	US 2004-953132	20040929
US 7371902	B2	20080513		
WO 2006039088	A1	20060413	WO 2005-US32376	20050912
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA,				

NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK,
SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU,
ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2004-953132 A 20040929

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB Methods for purifying a p,p'-bisphenol A generally include distilling a feed stream comprising p,p'-BPA in a distillation column at a pressure \leq 20 millibars. The distillation column separates the bisphenol feed stream to produce a light fraction, an intermediate fraction, and a heavy fraction. The intermediate fraction comprising the purified bisphenol contains lesser impurities than the p,p'-BPA in the feed stream. The intermediate stream is recovered using a side-draw. The side-draw is located between a first zone and a third zone in the distillation column. The title method also includes converting any isomers of light or heavy fractions to bisphenol A in a reactor prior to distillation

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(1 CITINGS)

REFERENCE COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 18:05:25 ON 21 MAR 2011)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:05:44 ON 21 MAR 2011
E BISPHENOL A/CN

L1 1 S E3

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:06:45 ON 21 MAR 2011

L2 3309 S L1/PREP

L3 0 S L2 AND (RECTIFICATION (3A) COLUMN)

L4 4 S L2 AND RECTIFICATION

L5 2 S L2 AND (SIDE (3A) DRAW)

=> log off

ALL L# QUERIES AND ANSWER SETS ARE DELETED AT LOGOFF

LOGOFF? (Y)/N/HOLD:y

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 18:13:46 ON 21 MAR 2011